



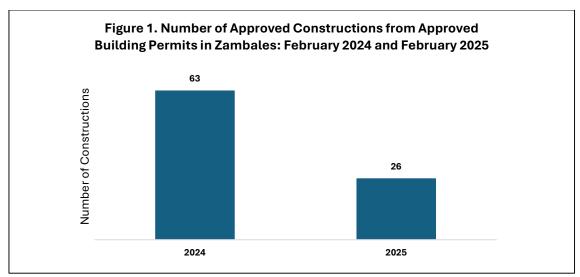
SPECIAL RELEASE

Construction Statistics from Approved Building Permits of Zambales, February 2025

Date of Release: 23 May 2025 Reference No.: 2025-021

Total number of constructions declined

The number of constructions from approved building permits in Zambales reached 26 which reflects an annual decline of 142.3 percent, or equivalent to 37 constructions in February 2025, compared to February 2024 count of 63 approved constructions.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

By type of construction, out of the 26 approved constructions, 16 are residential buildings, eight are non-residential buildings, one addition, and one other construction.

In February 2024, out of the 63 approved constructions, 36 are residential buildings, 18 are non-residential buildings, one addition, eight alterations and repairs, and one street furniture and others.

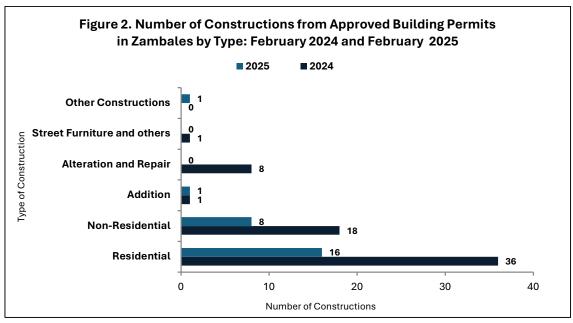




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Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

The 16 residential constructions recorded in Zambales are composed of 16 single houses and three apartment buildings.

Meanwhile, the 18 non-residential constructions are composed of 15 commercial buildings, one industrial, one institutional and one other non-residential.

Table 1. Number of Residential Constructions by Type in Zambales: February 2025		
Total	16	
Single	15	
Duplex/Quadruplex	-	
Apartment/Accessoria	1	
Residential Condominium	_	
Other Residential	-	

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Table 2. Number of Non-Residential Constructions by Type in Zambales: February 2025		
Total	8	
Commercial	7	
Industrial	-	
Institutional	-	
Agricultural	-	
Other Non-Residential	1	

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Reported total floor area of constructions decreased

Total floor area of constructions in February 2025 was posted at 3,770 square meters indicating a decrease of 63.9 percent, or equivalent to 6,665 square meters, when compared to the total floor area of approved constructions in February 2024 posted at 10,435 square meters.

Residential constructions recorded 2,278 square meters or about 60.4 percent of the total floor area of approved constructions, while non-residential constructions recorded 1,454 square meters or about 38.6 percent of the total floor area of constructions in February 2025.

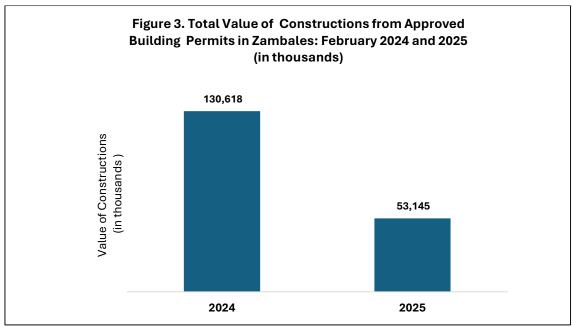
Table 3. Summary of Construction Statistics from Approved Building Permits in Zambales: February 2024 and February 2025			
Type of Construction	2024	2025	
Total			
Number	63	26	
Floor Area (sq.m.)	10,435	3,770	
Value (PhP '000)	130,618	53,145	
Residential			
Number	36	16	
Floor Area (sq.m.)	6,588	2,278	
Value (PhP '000)	85,022	29,493	
Non-residential			
Number	18	8	
Floor Area (sq.m.)	3,847	1,454	
Value (PhP '000)	38,620	23,376	
Addition			
Number	1	1	
Floor Area (sq.m.)	-	38	
Value (PhP '000)	597	221	
Alteration and Repair			
Number	8	-	
Value (PhP '000)	6,378	-	
Other Constructions e/			
Number	1	1	
Value (PhP '000)	1,637	55	

Note: Details of floor area and value may not add up to their respective totals due to rounding Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Total value of construction declined

In February 2025, the total value of construction in Zambales was PhP 53.14 million which denotes an increase of 59.3 percent when compared to the total value of construction amounted to PhP 130.62 million in February 2024.

Residential buildings registered the highest value of construction at PhP 29.49 million or 55.5 percent of the total value.

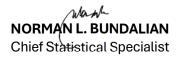


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Average cost of construction increased

The average cost of construction in February 2025 was recorded at PhP 14,082.23 per square meter. This was 18.85 percent higher than the average cost of PhP 11,849.78 per square meter in February 2024. Alteration and repair, other non-residential such as facade, helipad, niche, water tank, etc., and other constructions, which include demolition, street furniture, landscaping, and signboards, were excluded in the average cost of construction since there is no reported floor area for these types of construction. (See Table 3)

By type of construction, the average cost of construction for residential buildings was valued at PhP 12,946.88 per square meter, while the average cost of construction for non-residential buildings was valued at PhP 16,077.03 per square meter.



CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Building permit is a written authorization granted by the Local Building Official (LBO) to an applicant allowing him to proceed with the construction of a specific project after plans, specifications and other pertinent documents have been found to be in conformity with the National Building Code (PD 1096).

Building refers to any independent, free-standing structure comprised of one or more rooms or other spaces, covered by a roof and enclosed with external walls or dividing walls, which extend from the foundation to the roof.

Construction refers to all on-site work done from site preparation, excavation, foundation, assembly of all the components and installation of utilities and equipment of buildings/structures.

Residential buildings are buildings for which its major parts or more than half of its gross floor area is built for dwelling purposes. This type of building can be of the single type, duplex, an apartment and/or accessoria and residential condominium.

Other residential construction consists of school or company staff houses, living quarters for drivers and maids, and guardhouses.

Non-residential buildings include these types of buildings: Commercial, Industrial, Agricultural and Institutional buildings.

Commercial buildings refer to office buildings and all buildings which are intended for use primarily in wholesale, retail and service trades; i.e. stores, hotels, restaurants, banks, disco houses, etc.

Industrial buildings are buildings that are used to house the production, assembly and warehousing activities of industrial establishments; i.e. factories, plants, mills, repair shops, machine shops, printing press, storage plant, electric generating plants.

Institutional buildings are buildings which are primarily engaged in providing educational instructions and hospital/health care; ports, airports and other government buildings; i.e. school, museums, libraries, sanitaria, churches, hospitals.

Agricultural buildings are buildings used to house livestock, plants and agricultural products such as barns, poultry houses, piggeries, stables, greenhouses and grain mills.

Other non-building constructions include cemetery structures, street furniture, waiting sheds, communication towers, etc.

Addition refers to any new construction which increases the height or area of an existing building/structure.

Repair is a remedial work done on any damaged or deteriorated portion/s of a building/structure to restore its original condition.

Renovation is any physical change made on structures to increase their value and quality.

Alteration is a construction in a building/structure involving changes in the materials used, partitioning and location/size of openings, structural parts, existing utilities, and equipment but does not increase the overall area thereof.

Conversion is a change in the use or occupancy of structure or any portion thereof, which has different requirements.

Demolitions refer to the systematic dismantling or destruction of a building / structure, in whole or in part.

Street furniture are street structures consisting of monuments, waiting sheds, benches, plant boxes, lampposts, electric poles, and telephone poles.

Floor area of building refers to the sum of the area of each floor of the building measured to the outer surface of the outer walls including the area of lobbies, cellars, elevator shafts and all communal spaces in multi-dwellings. Areas of balconies are excluded.

Total value of construction refers to the sum of the cost of building, electrical, mechanical, plumbing, and others. The value is derived from the approved building permit and represents the estimated value of the building or structure when completed.